LESSON PLAN (MORNING)

Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
GENERAL	GEOG-MD-CC01-1 THEORY	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY UNIT-I cartography UNIT-II geotectonics UNIT-III geomorphology UNIT-IV climetology UNIT-V soil geography UNIT-VI biogeography UNIT-VII geography of hazards	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	49
	GEOG-MD-CC01-1 PRACTICAL	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY LAB	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	30
	MD-SEC 01 -1	METHODS IN GEOGRAPHY UNIT-I Field data collection & compilation UNIT-II Methods in physical geography UNIT-III Methods in human geography	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	60
	GEO-H-IDC 01-1 THEORY	GEOMATICS &SPATIAL ANALYSIS UNIT-I Cartography UNIT-II Surveying UNIT-III Remote Sensing & Geographical Information System	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	45
	GEO-H-IDC 01-1 PRACTICAL	GEOMATICS &SPATIAL ANALYSIS	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	30

GENERAL	CC 1/GE 1 THEORY	GEOTECTONICS	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	16
		GEOMORPHOLOGY	ALOKA	21
		LIVEROLOGY	MUKHOPADHYAY	10
		HYDROLOGY	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	10
		OCEANOGRAPHY	ALOKA	14
		OCEANOGRAPHY	MUKHOPADHYAY	14
GENERAL	CC 1/ GE 1	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	60
GLIVLIVAL	PRACTICAL	LAB	MUKHOPADHYAY	
			&	
			SMRITI DAS	
GENERAL	CC-2/ GE2	CLIMETOLOGY	ALOKA	25
	THEORY		MUKHOPADHYAY	
		SOIL GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	20
			MUKHOPADHYAY	
		BIOGEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	15
			MUKHOPADHYAY	
GENERAL	CC-2/ GE2	ENVIRONMENTAL	ALOKA	60
	PRACTICAL	GEOGRAPHY	MUKHOPADHYAY	
			&	
			SMRITI DAS	
	CC-3	ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	20
	THEORY		MUKHOPADHYAY	
GENERAL		SOCIAL GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	21
			MUKHOPADHYAY	
		CULTURAL GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	20
GENERAL	CC 3	HUMAN GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA	60
OLIVLINAL	PRACTICAL	HOWAN GEOGRAPHI	MUKHOPADHYAY	00
	THE TEXT		&	
			SMRITI DAS	
GENERAL	CC 3	FOREST &WILDLIFE	ALOKA	30
	SEC A2	MANAGEMENT	MUKHOPADHYAY	
GENERAL	CC 4	SCALE &PROJECTION	ALOKA	14
	THEORY		MUKHOPADHYAY	
		TOPOGRAPHIC &	ALOKA	17
		THEMATIC MAPS	MUKHOPADHYAY	
		REMOTE SENCING	ALOKA	21
		&GEOGRAPHICAL	MUKHOPADHYAY	
		INFORMATION SYSTEM		
		SURVEYING	ALOKA	12
			MUKHOPADHYAY	
GENERAL	CC 4	CARTOGRAPHY	ALOKA	60
	PRACTICAL		MUKHOPADHYAY	
			& SMRITI DAS	
GENERAL	CC-4	SUSTAINABLE	ALOKA	30
	SECB2	DEVELOPMENT	MUKHOPADHYAY	

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
5	GENERAL	DSE A1 THEORY	REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	57
5	GENERAL	DSE A1 PRACTICAL	REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT LAB	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	60
5	GENERAL	SEC A2 THEORY	FOREST &WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	30
6	GENERAL	DSE B THEORY	POPULATION GEOGRAPHY	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	60
6	GENERAL	DSE B PRACTICAL	POPULATION GEOGRAPHY LAB	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY & SMRITI DAS	60
	GENERAL	DSE SEC B2	SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	ALOKA MUKHOPADHYAY	30

Lesson Plan for Semester 1,2 (Under NEP)

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY (Day Section)

Semester	Programme	Course & Name of the	Topic	Teacher	No. of hours
1/3	MAJOR	CC 1 Theory	Unit 1: 1 Concept and applications of scales and projections. Components and classification of maps	SN	5
			Unit 2: 2 Seismic waves and internal structure of the earth	PG	3
			Unit 3: 3 Classification of weathering and agents of erosion	PG	5
			Unit 3: 4 Fluvial processes and landforms	PG	5
			Unit 4: 5 Nature, composition, and layering of the atmosphere	PG	4
			Unit 4: 6 Circulation in the atmosphere: Planetary winds, jet streams, and index cycle	PG	5
			Unit 5: 7 Factors of soil formation	SN	4
			Unit 5: 8 Evolution of an ideal soil profile	SN	4
			Unit 6: 9 Plant adaptation and distribution in relation to water availability	SN	5
			Unit 7: 10 Nature and classification of hazards and disasters in Indian context	SN	5
		CC 1 Practical	Graphical construction of scales: Plain, comparative, diagonal, and vernier	PD	10
			2. Delineation of drainage basins on Survey of India 1:50k topographical maps. Determining stream ordering (Strahler), and bifurcation ratio in a drainage basin (c. 5' x 5')	SN	10
			3. Identification of drainage and channel patterns from Survey of India 1:50k topographical maps	SN	6
			Construction and interpretation of wind rose diagram	PG	4
1		SEC -01 Theory	Unit 1: 1 Designing of primary survey based on diverse research problems. Relevance of pilot survey.	PD	44
			Unit 1: 2 Sampling types and strategy based on diverse research	PD	4

		problems.		
		Unit 1: 3 Preparation of questionnaire and interview schedule.	PD	4
		Unit 1: 4 Data compilation into master table.	PG	4
		Unit 1: 5 Computer-assisted field data entry; tabulation of data into frequency distribution tables.	PG	4
		Unit 1: 6 Statistical analysis of data: measures of central tendency and dispersion.	PG	4
		Unit 2: 7 Use of minor survey instruments: Brunton compass, distometer, smartphone levelling applications.	SN	4
		Unit 2: 8 Textural analysis of grains using sieves.	SN	4
		Unit 2: 9 Mapping and extraction of flooded areas from satellite images and digital elevation models.	PG	5
		Unit 2: 10 Mapping areal and linear extents of riverbank and coastline shift from Survey of India 1:50k maps and/or satellite images.	PG	5
		Unit 3: 11 Dominant and distinctive functions.	PG	4
		Unit 3: 12 Ternary diagram showing occupational patterns (after Ashok Mitra).	PG	4
		Unit 3: 13 Preparation of accessibility map.	PG	5
		Unit 3: 14 Preparation of flowcharts using transportation data.	PG	5
1/2/3	IDC - Theory	Unit 1: 1 Concept and applications of scales and projections. Components and classification of maps	SN	4
		Unit 1: 2 Bearing: Magnetic and true, whole-circle and reduced.	SN	2

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Unit 1: 3 Concept of geoid and spheroid with special reference to WGS-84.Conversion of angular distance to linear distance	SN	3
Unit 1: 4 Map projections: Classification, properties and uses with special reference to simple conical projection and Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)	SN	5
Unit 2: 5 Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Prismatic Compass, Dumpy level and theodolite.	SN	7
Unit 2: 6 Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) and total station	SN & PD	6
Unit 3: 7 Principles of remote sensing (RS). Types of RS satellites and sensors with reference to IRS and Landsat missions	PD	5
Unit 3: 8 Principles of preparing standard false colour composites (FCCs) and supervised image classification	PD	4
Unit 3: 9 GIS data types: Spatial and non-spatial (attribute table and metadata), raster and vector	PD	2
Unit 3: 10 Principles of preparing attribute tables, data manipulation, query, and overlay	PD	7
C - 1. Construction of simple conical projection with one standard parallel [6]	SN	6
2. Traverse survey and plotting UTM coordinates using smartphone GNSS application [8]	SN	8
3. Identification of land use / land cover features from standard FCCs and preparation of inventories [8]	PD	8
4. Change detection of riverbank	PD	8

			or coastline shift from multi- dated maps and images [8]		
2/4	MAJOR	CC 2 Theory	Unit 1: 1 Elements of human geography: Nature, scope, and recent trends	PD	4
			Unit 1: 2 Human geography schools of thought: Resource, locational, landscape, environment	PD	6
			Unit 2: 3 Evolution of human societies: Hunting and food gathering, pastoral nomadism, subsistence farming, and industrial society	PD	6
			Unit 2: 4 Human adaption to the environment: Chenchu, Toda, and Gond	PD	6
			Unit 2: 5 Evolution and characteristics of post-industrial urban societies	PD	2
			Unit 3: 6 Demographic transition. Significance of demographic dividend	PD	3
			Unit 3: 7 Distribution, Density, and Growth of population in India	PD	4
			Unit 4: 8 Characteristics of settlements: Urban & Rural	SN	4
			Unit 4: 9 Site, Situation, Types, and Patterns of rural settlements	SN	6
			Unit 5: 10 Size – Class classification of urban settlements after Census of India	PG	6
		CC 2 Practical	Growth rate of population: Arithmetic growth comparing two decadal datasets	PG	6
			2. Representation and interpretation of population density of Indian states or West Bengal districts by choropleth method	PG	8

			2 Identification of terror of	CNI	О
			3. Identification of types of settlements according to sites from Survey of India 1:50K topographical maps	SN	8
			4. Construction of proportional squares depicting number of houses	PG	8
1/3	MDC	CC 1 Theory	Unit 1: 1 Concept and applications of scales and projections. Components and classification of maps	SN	5
			Unit 2: 2 Seismic waves and internal structure of the earth	PG	3
			Unit 3: 3 Classification of weathering and agents of erosion	PG	5
			Unit 3: 4 Fluvial processes and landforms	PG	5
			Unit 4: 5 Nature, composition, and layering of the atmosphere	PG	4
			Unit 4: 6 Circulation in the atmosphere: Planetary winds, jet streams, and index cycle	PG	5
			Unit 5: 7 Factors of soil formation	SN	4
			Unit 5: 8 Evolution of an ideal soil profile	SN	4
			Unit 6: 9 Plant adaptation and distribution in relation to water availability	SN	5
			Unit 7: 10 Nature and classification of hazards and disasters in Indian context	SN	5
		CC 1 Practical	Graphical construction of scales: Plain, comparative, diagonal, and vernier	PD	10
			5. Delineation of drainage basins on Survey of India 1:50k topographical maps. Determining stream ordering (Strahler), and bifurcation ratio in a drainage basin (c. 5' x 5')	SN	10
			6. Identification of drainage and channel patterns from Survey of India 1:50k	SN	6
			topographical maps Construction and interpretation of	PG	4
1/2/3		SEC 1/2/3 Theory	wind rose diagram Unit 1: 1 Designing of primary survey based on diverse research problems. Relevance of pilot survey.	PD	44

		Unit 1: 2 Sampling types and strategy based on diverse research problems.	PD	4
		Unit 1: 3 Preparation of questionnaire and interview schedule.	PD	4
		Unit 1: 4 Data compilation into master table.	PG	4
		Unit 1: 5 Computer-assisted field data entry; tabulation of data into frequency distribution tables.	PG	4
		Unit 1: 6 Statistical analysis of data: measures of central tendency and dispersion.	PG	4
		Unit 2: 7 Use of minor survey instruments: Brunton compass, distometer, smartphone levelling applications.	SN	4
		Unit 2: 8 Textural analysis of grains using sieves.	SN	4
		Unit 2: 9 Mapping and extraction of flooded areas from satellite images and digital elevation models.	PG	5
		Unit 2: 10 Mapping areal and linear extents of riverbank and coastline shift from Survey of India 1:50k maps and/or satellite images.	PG	5
		Unit 3: 11 Dominant and distinctive functions.	PG	4
		Unit 3: 12 Ternary diagram showing occupational patterns (after Ashok Mitra).	PG	4
		Unit 3: 13 Preparation of accessibility map.	PG	5
		Unit 3: 14 Preparation of flowcharts using transportation data.	PG	5
2/4	CC 2 Theory	Unit 1: 1 Elements of human geography: Nature, scope, and recent trends	PD	4
		Unit 1: 2 Human geography schools of thought: Resource, locational, landscape, environment	PD	6

		1	
	Unit 2: 3 Evolution of human societies: Hunting and food gathering, pastoral nomadism, subsistence farming, and industrial society	PD	6
	Unit 2: 4 Human adaption to the environment: Chenchu, Toda, and Gond	PD	6
	Unit 2: 5 Evolution and characteristics of post-industrial urban societies	PD	2
	Unit 3: 6 Demographic transition. Significance of demographic dividend	PD	3
	Unit 3: 7 Distribution, Density, and Growth of population in India	PD	4
	Unit 4: 8 Characteristics of settlements: Urban & Rural	SN	4
	Unit 4: 9 Site, Situation, Types, and Patterns of rural settlements	SN	6
	Unit 5: 10 Size – Class classification of urban settlements after Census of India	PG	6
C 2 ractical	5. Growth rate of population: Arithmetic growth comparing two decadal datasets	PG	6
	6. Representation and interpretation of population density if Indian states or West Bengal districts by choropleth method	PG	8
	7. Identification of types of settlements according to sites from Survey of India 1:50K topographical maps	SN	8
	8. Construction of proportional squares depicting number of houses	PG	8

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IDC - Theory	Unit 1: 1 Concept and applications of scales and projections. Components and classification of maps	SN	4
	Unit 1: 2 Bearing: Magnetic and true, whole-circle and reduced.	SN	2
	Unit 1: 3 Concept of geoid and spheroid with special reference to WGS-84. Conversion of angular distance to linear distance	SN	3
	Unit 1: 4 Map projections: Classification, properties and uses with special reference to simple conical projection and Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)	SN	5
	Unit 2: 5 Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Prismatic Compass, Dumpy level and theodolite.	SN	7
	Unit 2: 6 Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) and total station	SN & PD	6
	Unit 3: 7 Principles of remote sensing (RS). Types of RS satellites and sensors with reference to IRS and Landsat missions	PD	5
	Unit 3: 8 Principles of preparing standard false colour composites (FCCs) and supervised image classification	PD	4
	Unit 3: 9 GIS data types: Spatial and non-spatial (attribute table and metadata), raster and vector	PD	2
	Unit 3: 10 Principles of preparing attribute tables, data manipulation, query, and overlay	PD	7
IDC - Practical	Construction of simple conical projection with one standard parallel	SN	6
	Traverse survey and plotting UTM coordinates using smartphone GNSS	SN	8

		application		
	3.	Identification of land use / land cover features from standard FCCs and preparation of inventories	PD	8
	4.	Change detection of riverbank or coastline shift from multi-dated maps and images	PD	8

LESSON PLAN FOR SEM 3,4,5 AND 6 (UNDER CBCS)

Semester	Program me	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Third	Hons	CC – 5 Climatology	Nature, Composition and layering of the atmosphere.	PG	4
		(Theory)	Insolation: Controlling factors. Heat budget of the atmosphere.	PG	6
			Temperature: Horizontal and vertical distribution. Inversion of temperature: types, causes and consequences.	PG	6
			Overview of climate change: Greenhouse effect. Formation, depletion and significance of the ozone layer.	PG	4
			Condensation: Process and forms. Mechanism of precipitation: Bergeron-Findeisen theory, collision and coalescence. Forms of precipitation.	PG	6
			Air mass: Typology, origin, characteristics and modification.	PG	4
			Fronts: Warm and cold, frontogenesis and frontolysis.	PG	5
			Weather: Stability and instability, barotropic and	PG	5

	baroclinic conditions.		
	Circulation in the atmosphere: Planetary winds, jet streams, index cycle.	PG	5
	Atmospheric disturbances: Tropical and mid-latitude cyclones, thunderstorms.	PG	5
	Monsoon circulation and mechanism with reference to India.	PG	5
	Climatic classification after Thornthwaite (1955) and Oliver.	PD	5
CC - 5 Climatology Lab (Practical)	Measurement of weather elements using analogue instruments: Mean daily temperature, air pressure, relative humidity, rainfall.	PG	15
	Interpretation of a daily weather map of India (any two): Pre-Monsoon, Monsoon and Post-Monsoon.	PG	20
	Construction and interpretation of hythergraph and climograph (G. Taylor).	PG	15
	Construction and interpretation of wind rose.	PG	10
CC – 6 Hydrology and Oceanography	Systems approach in hydrology. Global hydrological cycle: Its physical and biological role.	SN	5
(Theory)	Run off: Controlling factors. Infiltration and evapotranspiration. Run off cycle.	SN	5
	Drainage basin as a hydrological unit. Principles of water harvesting and watershed management.	SN	5
	Groundwater: Occurrence and storage. Factors controlling recharge, discharge and movement.	SN	5
	Major relief features of the ocean floor: Characteristics and origin according to plate tectonics.	PD	6
	Physical and chemical	PD	4

	properties of ocean water.		
	Water mass, T-S diagram	PG	4
	Air-Sea interactions, ocean circulation, wave and tide.	PG	8
	Ocean temperature and salinity: Distribution and determinants.	PD	4
	Coral reefs: Formation, classification and threats.	PD	5
	Marine resources: Classification and sustainable utilisation.	PD	4
	Sea level change: Types and causes.	PD	5
CC – 6 Hydrology	Construction and interpretation of rating curves.	PD	10
and Oceanography Lab (Practical)	Construction and interpretation of hydrographs and unit hydrographs.	PD	15
(Practical)	Monthly rainfall dispersion diagram (Quartile method), Climatic water budget and Ergograph.	PG	25
	Construction of Theissen polygon from precipitation data.	PD	10
CC – 7 Statistical	Importance and significance of statistics in Geography.	SN	4
Methods in Geography (Theory)	Discrete and continuous data, population and samples, scales of measurement (nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio).	SN	5
	Sources of geographical data for statistical analysis.	SN	4
	Collection of data and formation of statistical tables.	SN	5
	Sampling: Need, types and significance and methods of random sampling.	SN	4
	Theoretical distribution: frequency, cumulative frequency, normal and probability.	SN	6
	Central tendency: Mean, median, mode, partition values.	SN	6
	Measures of dispersion range, mean deviation, standard deviation, coefficient of	SN	6

	variation.		
	Association and correlation: Rank correlation, product moment correlation.	PD	5
	Regression: Linear and non-linear.	PD	5
	Time series analysis: Moving average.	SN	5
	Hypothesis testing: Chi- squared and T-test.	PD	5
CC – 7 Statistical Methods in Geography Lab (Practical)	Construction of data matrix with each row representing an areal unit (districts/ blocks/ mouzas/ towns) and corresponding columns of relevant attributes.	SN	15
	Based on the above, a frequency table, measures of central tendency and dispersion would be computed and interpreted using histogram and frequency curve.	SN	15
	From the data matrix, a sample set (20%) would be drawn using random, systematic and stratified methods of sampling and the samples would be located on a map with an explanation of the methods used.	SN	15
	Based on of the sample set and using two relevant attributes, a scatter diagram and linear regression line would be plotted and residual from regression would be mapped with a short interpretation.	PD	15
SEC - A-2 Tourism Management (Theory)	Scope and Nature: Concepts and issues, tourism, recreation and leisure inter-relations; Factors influencing tourism, Types of tourism: Ecotourism, cultural tourism, adventure tourism, medical tourism, pilgrimage, international, national.	PD	10

Use of information on factors (Historical, natural, socio-cultural and economic; motivating factors for pilgrimages) to plan destination marketing; tourism products; niche tourism planning.	SN	5
Tourism impact assessment, Sustainable tourism, Information Technology and Tourism, Tour operations planning and guiding.	PG	8
Increasing Global tourism; Tourism in India: Tourism infrastructure, access, planning for different budgets for case study sites of Western Himalayas, Goa, Chilka/Vembanad, Jaipur.	PG, SN, PD	7

Semester	Programm e	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Fourth	Hons	CC - 8 Economic	Meaning and approaches to economic geography	PD	4
		Geography (Theory)	Concepts in economic geography: Goods and services, production, exchange, and consumption.	PD	6
			Concept of economic man. Theories of choices.	PD	6
			Economic distance and transport costs.	PD	4
			Concept and classification of economic activities.	PD	4
			Factors affecting location of economic activity with special reference to agriculture (von Thünen), and industry (Weber).	SN	6
			Primary activities: Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and mining.	PG	6
			Secondary activities: Classification of manufacturing, concept of manufacturing regions, special economic zones and technology parks.	PD	6
			Tertiary activities: Transport, trade and services.	PD	6

	Transnational sea-routes, railways and highways with reference to India.	PD	4
	International trade and economic blocs.	PD	4
	WTO and BRICS: Evolution, structure and functions.	PD	4
CC - 8 Economic	Choropleth mapping of state-wise variation in GDP.	PD	10
Geography Lab (Practical)	State-wise variation in occupational structure by proportional divided circles.	PD	15
,	Time series analysis of industrial production (India and West Bengal).	SN	20
	Transport network analysis by detour index and shortest path analysis.	PD	15
CC - 9 Regional	Regions: Concept, types, and delineation.	PG	4
Planning and Development	Regional Planning: Types, principles, objectives, tools and techniques.	PG	6
(Theory)	Regional planning and multi-level planning in India.	PG	6
	Concept of metropolitan area and urban agglomeration.	PG	4
	Concept of growth and development, growth versus development.	PG	4
	Indicators of development: Economic, demographic, and environmental.	PG	6
	Human development: Concept and measurement.	SN	4
	Theories and models for regional development: Cumulative causation (Myrdal).	PG	4
	Models and theories in regional development: Stages of development (Rostow), growth pole model (Perroux).	PG	6
	Underdevelopment: Concept and causes .	SN	4
	Regional development in India: Disparity and diversity.	PG	5
	Need and measures for balanced development in India.	PG	5

CC - 9 Regional	Delineation of formal regions by weighted index method.	PG	15
Planning and Development	Delineation of functional regions by breaking point analysis .	PD	15
Lab (Practical)	Measurement of inequality by location quotient.	PG	15
	Measuring regional disparity by Sopher index.	PG	15
CC - 10	Factors of soil formation.	PG	3
Soil and Biogeography (Theory)	Definition and significance of soil properties: Texture, structure, and moisture.	PG	5
	Definition and significance of soil properties: pH, organic matter, and NPK.	PG	5
	Soil profile. Origin and profile characteristics of lateritic, podsol and chernozem soils.	PD	6
	Soil erosion and degradation: Factors, processes and management measures. Humans as active agents of soil transformation.	PD	5
	Principles of soil classification: Genetic and USDA. Concept of land capability and its classification.	PD	6
	Concepts of biosphere, ecosystem, biome, ecotone, community and ecology.	SN	5
	Concepts of trophic structure, food chain and food web. Energy flow in ecosystems.	SN	5
	Classification of world biomes (Whittaker). Geographical extent and characteristics of tropical rain forest, savanna, hot desert, taiga and coral reef biomes.	SN	8
	Bio-geochemical cycles with special reference to carbon dioxide and nitrogen.	SN	4
	Deforestation: Causes, consequences and management.	SN	4
	Biodiversity: Definition, types, threats and conservation measures.	SN	4
CC - 10 Soil and	Determination of soil reaction (pH) and salinity using field kit.	PG	15

	Biogeography Lab	Determination of soil type by ternary diagram textural plotting .	PG	15
	(Practical)	Plant species diversity determination by matrix method.	SN	10
		Time series analysis of biogeography data.	SN	20
I I	SEC-B-3 Rural Development	Rural Development: Concept, basic elements, measures of level of rural development.	PD	5
	(Theory)	Paradigms of rural development: Gandhian approach to rural development Lewis model of economic development, 'big push' theory of development, Myrdal's model of 'spread and backwash effects'.	SN	10
		Area based approach to rural development: Drought prone area programmes, PMGSY, SJSY, MNREGA, Jan Dhan Yojana.	PG, PD	10
		Rural Governance: Panchayati Raj System and rural development policies and Programmes in India.	PG	5

Semeste	Programm	Course and	Topic	Teacher	No. Of
r	e	Name of			hours
		the Paper			
Fifth	Hons	CC – 11	Research in Geography:	PG	5
		Research	Meaning, types and		
		Methodolog	significance		
		y and	Literature review and	PG	5
		Fieldwork	formulation of research design		
		(Theory)	Defining research problem,	PG	6
			objectives and hypothesis		
			Research materials and	PG	4
			methods		
			Techniques of writing	PG	6
			scientific reports: Preparing		
			notes, references,		
			bibliography, abstract, and		
			keywords		
			Plagiarism: Classification and	PG	4
			prevention		
			Fieldwork in Geographical	SN	6
			studies: Role and significance.		
			Selection of study area and		
			objectives. Pre-field academic		
			preparations. Ethics of		

	fieldwork		
		CNI	_
	Field techniques and tools:	SN	5
	Observation (participant, non-		
	participant), questionnaires		
	(open, closed, structured, non-		
	structured). Interview	~~~	_
	Field techniques and tools:	SN	5
	Landscape survey using		
	transects and quadrants,		
	constructing a sketch, photo		
	and video recording		
	Positioning and collection of	SN	4
	samples. Preparation of		
	inventory from field data		
	Post - field tabulation,	SN	5
	processing and analysis of		
	quantitative and qualitative		
	data		
	Fieldwork: Logistics and	SN	5
	handling of emergencies		
CC -11	Each student will prepare a	Will be	
Research	report based on primary data	assisted	6
Methodolog	collected from field survey	by the	0
y and	and secondary data collected	Profess	
Fieldwork	from different sources.	-ors	
Lab	Students will select either one	respons	
(Practical)	rural area (mouza) or an urban	-ible for	
(Tructical)	area (municipal ward) for the	Excursi	
	study, with the primary	-on	
	objective of evaluating the		
	S S		
	relation between physical and		
	cultural landscape.		
	A specific problem or a		
	special feature should be		
	identified based on which, the		
	study area will be selected.		
	j		
	The field work and post-field		
	work will include:		
	a. Collection of primary data		
	on physical aspects (relief and		
	soil) of the study area.		
	Students should use survey		
	instruments like prismatic		
	compass, dumpy level, Abney		
	level or clinometer wherever		
	necessary.		
			<u> </u>

- b. Collection of soil samples from different land cover land use regions of the study area for determining pH and NPK values with help of a soil kit. c. Collection of socio economic data, at the household level (with the help of a questionnaire) in the selected study area.
- d. Plot to plot land use survey for preparation of a land use map, covering whole or part of the selected area.
- e. Visit to different organisations and departments for collection of secondary data.
- f. Any other survey relevant to the objective of the study.

The Field Report should contain the following sections (a–e).

- a. Introduction: Study area extent and space relations, reasons for selection of the study area on the basis of a specific problem or special feature, objectives, methods of data collection, analyses and presentation, sources of information, etc.
- b. Physical aspects: Lithology and geological structure, relief, slope, drainage, climate, soil, vegetation, environmental issues, proneness to natural hazards, etc. c. Socioeconomic aspects:
- i. Population attributes: Number, sex ratio, literacy, occupational structure, ethnic and religious composition, language, per capita income, etc.
- ii. Settlement characteristics: Number of houses, building materials, number and size of rooms, amenities, etc.

CC -12 Remote Sensing, GIS and GNSS (Theory)	Principles of Remote Sensing (RS): Types of RS satellites and sensors Sensor resolutions and their applications with reference to IRS and Landsat missions Image referencing schemes and acquisition procedure of free geospatial data from NRSC / Bhuvan and USGS	PD PD	5
	iii. Agriculture: General land use, crop-combination, use of fertiliser and irrigational facilities, production and marketing etc. iv. Other economic activities: Fishing, horticulture, brickmaking, household and other industries, etc. d. Conclusions: Relation between physical and cultural landscape. Evaluation of problems and prospects. General recommendations. e. Bibliography. The students will prepare (i) a chorochromatic land use land cover map on the basis of plot to plot survey; (ii) a profile of suitable length, surveyed and plotted, with different land use land cover superimposed on it. All sections of the report should contain relevant maps, diagrams and photographs using primary and secondary data, clearly citing sources.		

Preparation of False Colour Composites from IRS LISS-3 and Landsat TM / OLI data.	PD	5
Principles of image interpretation. Preparation of inventories of landuse land cover (LULC) features from satellite images	PD	5
Acquisition and utilisation of free Digital Elevation Model data: CartoDEM, SRTM and ALOS	PD	5
GIS data structures types: Spatial and non-spatial, raster and vector	PD	5
Principles of preparing attribute tables, data manipulation, and overlay analysis	PD	5
Principles and significance of buffer preparation	PD	4
Principles and significance of overlay analysis	PD	5
Principles of GNSS positioning and waypoint collection	PD	5

		Principles of transferring of GNSS waypoints to GIS. Area and length calculations from GNSS data	PD	5
	CC -12 Remote ensing, GIS and GNSS Lab (Practical)	Image georeferencing and enhancement. Preparation of reflectance libraries of LULC features across different image bands of IRS L3 or Landsat OLI data	PD	15
		Supervised image classification, class editing, and post-classification analysis	PD	15
		Digitisation of features and administrative boundaries. Data attachment, overlay, and preparation of annotated thematic maps	PD	20
		Waypoint collection from GNSS receivers and exporting to GIS database.	PD	10
	DSE-A2 Climate Change:	The science of climate change: Origin, scope and trends .	PG	5
and Adaptations	Adaptations	Climate change with reference to the geological time scale.	PG	6
	(Theory)	Evidences and factors of climate change: The nature—man dichotomy.	PG	4
		Greenhouse gases and global warming.	PD	5

Electromagnetic spectrum, atmospheric window, heat balance of the earth.	PD	5
Global climatic assessment: IPCC reports.	SN	5
Climate change and vulnerability: Physical; economic and social.	PG	5
Impact of climate change: Agriculture and water; flora and fauna; human health and morbidity.	PD	5
Global initiatives to climate change mitigation: Kyoto Protocol, carbon trading, clean development mechanism, COP, climate fund.	SN	5
Climate change vulnerability assessment and adaptive strategies with particular reference to South Asia	SN	5
National Action Plan on climate change.	PG	5
Role of urban local bodies, panchayats, and educational institutions on climate change mitigation: Awareness and action programmes.	PG	5

DSE-A2	Analysis of trands of	SN	10
Climate Change: Vulnerability and Adaptations Lab	Analysis of trends of temperatures (maximum and minimum of about three decades) of any India Meteorological Department (IMD) station.		
(Practical)	Comparative analysis of seasonal variability of rainfall on the basis of monthly data of any two IMD stations.	SN	15
	Annual rainfall variability of about three decades for any two representative climatic regions of India.	SN	15
	Preparation of an inventory of extreme climatic events and mitigation measure of any climatic region / country of South Asia for a period of one decade on the basis of secondary information.	PG	20
DSE-B5 Cultural and Settlement Geography	Definition, scope and content of cultural geography	PG	5
(Theory)	Development of cultural geography in relation to allied disciplines	PG	5
	Cultural hearth and realm, cultural diffusion, diffusion of major world religions and languages	PD	6
	Cultural segregation and cultural diversity, culture, technology and development.	PD	5
	Races and racial groups of the world	PD	5

	Cultural regions of India	PD	4
	Rural settlement: Definition, nature and characteristics	SN	3
	Morphology of rural settlement: Site, situation, layout-internal and external	SN	5
	Rural house types with reference to India, social segregation in rural areas. Census of India categories of rural settlements	SN	7
	Urban settlement: Census of India definition and categories	PG	3
	Urban morphology: Models of Burgess, Hoyt, Harris, and Ullman.	PG	7
	City-region and conurbation. Functional classification of cities: Schemes of Harris, Nelson, and McKenzie	PG	5
DSE-B Cultural	distribution of India	PG	10
Settlement Geography Lab (Practical)	distribution in any district of West Bengal using proportional square	PG	20
	Identification of rural settlement types from Survey of India 1:50k topographical maps	SN	15
	Social area analysis of a city (Shevky & Bell)	PG	15

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Sixth	Hons	CC – 13 Evolution of the Geographical Thought (Theory)	Development of pre-modern Geography: Contributions of Greek, Chinese, and Indian geographers	PG	5
			Impact of 'Dark Age' in Geography and Arab contributions	PG	5
			Geography during the age of 'Discovery' and 'Exploration' (contributions of Portuguese voyages, Columbus, Vasco da Gama, Magellan, Thomas Cook	PG	5
			Transition from cosmography to scientific Geography (contributions of Bernard Varenius and Immanuel Kant). Dualism and Dichotomies (General vs. Particular, Physical vs. Human, Regional vs. Systematic, Determinism vs. Possibilism, Ideographic vs. Nomothetic)	PG	7
			Evolution of Geographical thoughts in	PG	5

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			Germany, France,		
			Britain, and United		
			States of America		
			Contributions of	PG	3
			Humboldt and		
			Ritter		
			Contributions of	PG	6
			Richthofen,		
			Hartshorne-		
			Schaeffer, Ratzel,		
			La Blaché		
			Trends of	PG	7
			geography in the		
			post World War-II		
			period: Quantitative		
			revolution, systems		
			approach		
			Structuralism and	PG	3
			historical	-	-
			materialism		
			Changing concept	PG	5
			of space with	10	3
			special reference to		
			Harvey		
			Evolution of	PG	5
			Critical Geography:	10	3
			Behavioural,		
			humanistic, and		
			radical		
			Towards post	PG	5
			modernism:	ru	3
			Geography in the		
		CC 12	21st Century	PG	20
		CC - 13	Changing parameter of many	PU	20
		Evolution of	perception of maps of the world		
		the Gaggraphical			
		Geographical	(Ptolemy, Ibn		
		Thought Lab	Batuta, Mercator)	DC	20
		(Practical)	Mapping voyages;	PG	20
			Columbus, Vasco		
			da Gama, Magellan,		
			Thomas Cook	F.~	•
			Group Presentation	PG	20
			of five to ten		
			students on any		
			selected school of		
			geographical		
1			thought		
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Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Sixth	Hons	CC – 14 Hazard Managemen	Classification of hazards and disasters. Hazard continuum	PG,SN, PD	4
		t (Theory)	Approaches to hazard study: Risk perception and vulnerability assessment. Hazard paradigms	PG,SN, PD	6
			Responses to hazards: Preparedness, trauma, and aftermath. Resilience, capacity building	PG,SN, PD	5
			Hazards mapping: Data and geospatial techniques (for hazards enlisted in Unit II and GEO-A-CC-6- 14-P)	PG,SN, PD	5
			Earthquake: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
			Landslide: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
			Land subsidence: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
			Tropical cyclone: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
			Flood: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
			Riverbank erosion: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5

	Fire: Factors, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
	Biohazard: Classification, vulnerability, consequences, and management	PG,SN, PD	5
CC – 14 Hazard Managemen t Lab (Practical)	A Group Project Report is to be prepared and submitted based on any one case study among the following hazards from West Bengal, incorporating a preparedness plan, preferably in the vicinity of the candidates' institution / district: 1. Earthquake 2. Landslide 3. Land subsidence 4. Thunderstorm 5. Flood 6. Riverbank / Coastal erosion 7. Fire 8. Industrial accident 9. Road / Railway accident 10. Structural collapse 11. Environmental pollution 12. Biohazard One case study will be done by a group of five to ten students.	PG,SN, PD	60

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Sixth	Hons	DSE-A-6-04 Resource Geography	Natural resources: Concept and classification	SN	4
		(Theory)	Approaches to	SN	6

Utilitarian, conservational, community based adaptive Significance of resources: Backbone of economic growth and development Pressure on resources. Appraisal and conservation of natural resource depletion: global scenario (forest, water, fossil fuels) Sustainable SN 3 resource development Distribution, SN 6 utilisation, problems and management of metallic mineral resources; Itimestone, mica, gypsum Distribution, utilisation, problems and management of non-metallic mineral resources: Limestone, mica, gypsum Distribution, sN 6 utilisation, problems and management of non-metallic mineral resources: Conventional management of energy resources: Conventional and non-conventional Contemporary energy crisis and future scenario	Г			1
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management of energy resources: Conventional and non-conventional Contemporary SN 4 energy crisis and future scenario				
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Contemporary SN 4 energy crisis and future scenario				
energy crisis and future scenario				
future scenario			SN	4
Politics of power SN 3		future scenario		
		Politics of power	SN	3
resources				

	Limits to growth and sustainable use of resources. Concept of resource sharing	SN	5
DSE-A-6-04 Resource Geography Lab (Practical)	Mapping and area estimate of changes in forest or vegetation cover from maps and/or satellite images	SN	15
	Mapping and number estimate of changes in water bodies from maps and/or satellite images	SN	15
	Decadal changes in state-wise production of coal and iron ore	SN	15
	Computing Human Development Index: Comparative decadal change of top five Indian states	SN	15

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Sixth	Hons	DSE-B-6-08 Geography Of India (Theory)	Physiographic divisions with reference to tectonic provinces	PD	5
			Climate, soil and vegetation: Classification and interrelation	PD	6
			Population: Distribution, growth, structure, and policy	PD	4
			Tribes of India with special reference to Gaddi, Toda, Santal, and Jarwa	PD	5

		Agricultural	PD	4
		regions. Green	עו	4
		revolution and its		
		consequences		
		Mineral and power	PD	6
		resources:		5
		Distribution and		
		utilisation of iron		
		ore, coal,		
		petroleum, and		
		natural gas		
		Industrial	PD	3
		development:		
		Automobile and		
		information		
		technology		
		Regionalisation of	PD	7
		India:		
		Physiographic		
		(R.L. Singh) and		
		economic (P.		
		Sengupta)	P.D.	
		Physical	PD	6
		perspectives:		
		Physiographic		
		divisions, forest		
		and water resources		
		Resources:	PD	6
		Agriculture,	ענ	U
		mining,, and		
		industry		
		Population:	PD	4
		Growth,		•
		distribution, and		
		human		
		development		
		Regional issues:	PD	4
		Darjeeling Hills		
		and Sundarban		
	DSE-B-6-08	Monthly	PD	15
	Geography	temperature and		
	of India Lab	rainfall graphs of		
	(Practical)	five select stations		
		from different		
		physiographic		
		regions of India		
		Crop combination:	PD	15
		Comparison of any two contrasting		
1				

districts from West Bengal		
Annual trends of production: Mineral resources and manufacturing goods over two decades	PD	20
Composite Index: Comparison of developed and backward states of India	PD	10

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
First General	CC 1/GE 1 Physical Geography	Earth's interior with special reference to seismology	PG	3	
	(Theory)	Plate Tectonics as a unified theory of global tectonics. Formation of major relief features of the ocean floor and continents according to Plate Tectonics	PG	7	
		Folds and faults: Classification and surface expressions	PG	6	
			Degradational processes: Weathering, mass wasting, and resultant landforms	КВ	4
			Principal geomorphic agents. Classification and evolution of fluvial, coastal, aeolian, and glacial landforms	КВ	12
			Basic models of slope evolution: Decline, replacement, and retreat. Systems approach and its significance in geomorphology	PD	6
		Global hydrological cycle: Its physical and biological role	SN	2	
		Run off: Controlling factors. Concept of ecological flow	SN	3	
		Drainage basin as a hydrological unit. Principles of watershed management	КВ	3	
			Physical and chemical properties of ocean water.	PD	4

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	Distribution and		
	determinants of		
	temperature and		
	salinity		
	Overview of air-sea	SN	7
	interactions. Ocean		
	circulation, wave, and		
	tide		
	Marine resources:	PD	3
	Classification and		
	sustainable utilisation		
CC 1/GE 1	Megascopic	PG	8
Physical	identification of		
Geography	mineral samples:		
Lab	Bauxite, calcite,		
(Practical)	chalcopyrite,		
	feldspar, galena,		
	hematite, mica,		
	quartz, talc,		
	tourmaline		
	Megascopic	PG	12
	identification of rock		
	samples: Granite,		
	basalt, laterite,		
	limestone, shale,		
	sandstone,		
	conglomerate, slate,		
	phyllite, schist,		
	gneiss, quartzite		
	Extraction of	SS	20
	physiographic		
	information from		
	Survey of India 1:50k		
	topographical maps		
	of plateau region:		
	Construction and		
	interpretation of relief		
	profiles		
	(superimposed,		
	projected and		
	composite),		
	Construction and		
	interpretation of		
	relative relief map		
	(c. 5'×5')		
	Extraction of	SS	20
	drainage information	55	
	from Survey of India		
	topographical maps		
	of plateau region:		
	or practical regions.		<u> </u>

	Extraction and	
	interpretation of	
	channel features and	
	drainage patterns,	
	Construction of	
	channel profiles	

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Second General	Paper CC 2/GE 2 Environmental Geography (Theory)	Insolation and Heat Budget. Horizontal and vertical distribution of atmospheric temperature and	PG	5	
			Overview of planetary wind systems. Indian Monsoons: Mechanisms and controls	PG	6
			Atmospheric disturbances: Tropical and temperate cyclones. Thunderstorms	PD	7
			Overview of global climatic change: Greenhouse effect. Ozone depletion	PG	5
		Scheme of world climatic classification by Köppen	PD	2	
			Factors of soil formation	KB	4
		Soil profile development under different climatic conditions: Laterite, Podsol, and Chernozem	КВ	6	
		Physical and chemical properties of soils: Texture, structure, pH,	КВ	6	

	salinity, and NPK		
	status		
	USDA classification	PD	4
	of soils. Soil erosion		
	and its management		
	Ecosystem and	SN	6
	Biomes. Distribution		
	and characteristics of		
	tropical rainforest;		
	Savannah, and hot		
	desert biomes		
	Plant types,	SN	5
	occurrence and		
	ecological		
	adaptations:		
	Halophytes,		
	xerophytes,		
	hydrophytes, and		
	mesophytes		
	Biodiversity: Types,	SN	4
	threats and		•
	management with		
	special reference to		
	India		
CC 2/GE 2	Interpretation of	SS	20
Environmental	daily weather map of		-
Geography	India (any one): Pre-		
Lab	Monsoon or		
(Practical)	Monsoon or Post-		
\	Monsoon		
	Construction and	SS	20
	interpretation of	~~	_0
	hythergraph,		
	climograph (G.		
	Taylor) and wind		
	rose (seasonal)		
	Determination of soil	SS	10
	type by ternary	55	10
	diagram textural		
	plotting		
	Preparation of	PD	10
	peoples' biodiversity	ſυ	10
	register		

Semester	Programme	Course and	Topic	Teacher	No. Of
		Name of the			hours
		Paper			
Third	General	CC 3/GE 3	Sectors of the	PG	5

TT	D.:		
Human	economy: Primary,		
Geography	Secondary, Tertiary		
(Theory)	and Quaternary.		
	Factors affecting		
	location of economic		
	activities	5.0	
	Location of economic	PG	5
	activities: Theories of		
	von Thünen, Lösch,		
	and Weber		
	Location of industries	SN	5
	with special reference		
	to India: Cotton, Iron		
	and Steel		
	Globalisation and	PD	5
	integration of world		
	economies		
	Human Society:	SN	5
	Structure, functions,		
	social systems.		
	Population and		
	migration: overview,		
	causes and effects		
	Types and	SN	5
	characteristics of social		
	organisations:		
	Primitive, hunting–		
	gathering, agrarian,		
	industrial		
	Race, Language and	KB	6
	Religion: Origin,		Ü
	characteristics and		
	spatial variations		
	Social Issues:	KB	5
	Diversity, conflict and	ILD	3
	transformation		
	Carl Sauer: cultural	PG	6
	landscape and its	10	U
	elements		
	Rural and urban	KB	5
	settlements:	KD	5
	Differentiation in		
	cultural landscapes	ממ	5
	Cultural regions and cultural realms	PD	3
		DD	
	Diffusion of culture	PD	4
00.2/05.3	and innovations	0.0	1.5
CC 3/GE 3	State-wise variation in	SS	15
Human	occupational structure		
Geography	by proportional divided		

(Practical) Time series analysis of industrial production	20
industrial production	20
using any two	
manufactured goods	
from India	
Measuring arithmetic SS	15
growth rate of	
population comparing	
two datasets	
Nearest neighbour SS	10
analysis: Rural example	
from Survey of India	
1:50k topographical	
maps	
SEC A 2 Forest and wildlife PG	7
Forest & management:	
Wildlife Importance and	
Management strategies. Role and	
(Theory) significance of	
stakeholders. Tangible	
and intangible benefits	
of forest and wildlife	
management	
Legal framework of SN	5
forest and wildlife	
protection in India: The	
Indian Forest Act 1927,	
Forest Conservation	
Act 1980, Wild Life	
Protection Act 1972,	
Biodiversity Act 2002	
Forests as common PD	8
property resources.	
Forest rights: Tribals	
and forests. Gender	
dimension of forest	
management.	
Management of	
poaching and illegal	
logging.	
Principles of KB	10
community	
participation and joint	
forest management.	
Causes and	
management of	
human-wildlife	
conflicts with special	
reference to Jangal	1

	Mahal, Sundarban and	
	Duars [

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Fourth General	CC 4/GE 4 Cartography (Theory)	Maps: Classification and types. Scales: Types, significance, and applications	PD	3	
			Coordinate systems: Polar and rectangular. Bearing: Magnetic and true, whole-circle and reduced	SN	3
			Map projections: Classification, properties and uses. Concept and significance of UTM projection	KB	8
			Survey of India topographical maps: Reference scheme of old and open series. Information on the margin of maps	PG	4
			Representation of data by dots and proportional circles	PG	4
			Representation of data by isopleth and choropleth	SN	4
		Principal national agencies producing thematic maps in India: GSI, NATMO, NBSSLUP, NHO, and NRSC. Acquaintance with Bhuvan platform	PD	5	
		Basics of Remote Sensing: Types of satellites, sensors, bands, and resolutions with special reference to 1the ISRO missions	PD	10	
		Principles of preparing standard FCCs and classified raster images	KB	5	
		Principles of Geographical Information	KB	6	

System: Concepts of vector types, attribute tables, buffers, and overlay analysis Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Prismatic compass Basic concepts of surveying and survey equipment: Dumpy level CC 4/GE 4 Cartography Lab comparative (Practical) (Practical) (Practical) Construction of projections: Simple Conic with one standard parallel, Cylindrical Equal Area, and Polar Zenithal Stereographic Construction of thematic maps: Proportional squares, proportional circles, choropleths, and isopleths Preparation of annotated thematic overlays from satellite standard FCCs of 1:50k SEC B4 Sustainable Development (Theory) Global goals for sustainable development: Concept, Historical background, components, limitations Global goals for sustainable development: Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development; environment and poverty Global environmental issues: Population, income and unbarization in come and	[T	
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Development (Theory) background, components, limitations Global goals for sustainable development: Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,		Sustainable			
(Theory) limitations Global goals for KB 7 sustainable development: Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable PD 10 development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,		Development	-		
Global goals for sustainable development: Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable PD 10 development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,		-			
sustainable development: Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,		\		KB	7
Domain, conflict, crisis and compromise Challenges of sustainable development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental issues: Population,			<u> </u>		•
and compromise Challenges of sustainable PD 10 development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,			-		
Challenges of sustainable development: Determinants, linkage among sustainable development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,					
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development, environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,					
environment and poverty Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,			<u> </u>		
Global environmental SN 8 issues: Population,					
issues: Population,				CAT	
				SN	8
income and urbanization			=		
			income and urbanization,		
health care, forest and			health care, forest and		
water resources			water resources		

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Fifth	General	DSE A1 Regional Development	Definition of region. Types and need of regional planning	PG	3
		(Theory)	Choice of a region for planning; characteristics of an ideal planning region; delineation of planning region	PG	7
			Regionalization of India for planning (agro- ecological zones)	PG	5
			Strategies/models for regional planning: growth pole model of Perroux	PD	6
			Growth centre model in Indian context. Concept of village cluster	PD	4
			Problem regions and regional planning. Backward regions and regional plans: special area development plans in India. Damodar Valley Corporation: Success and failure	PD	5
			Changing concept of development and underdevelopment; Efficiency-equity debate	SN	5
			Indicators of development: Economic, demographic, and environmental. Concept of human development	SN	5
			Regional development in India, regional inequality, disparity and diversity	SN	5
			Development and regional disparities in India since Independence: Disparities in agricultural development	КВ	5
			Development and	KB	5

			T
	regional disparities in		
	India since		
	Independence:		
	Disparities in industrial		
	development		
	Development and	KB	5
	regional disparities in		
	India since independence		
	: Disparities in human		
	resource development in		
	terms of education and		
	health		
DSE A1	Delineation of regions	SS	15
Regional	according to given		
Development	criteria using Weaver's		
Lab(Practical)	method		
,	Determination of sphere	SS	15
	of influence by gravity		
	model		
	Measurement of	SS	15
	inequality by Lorenz		
	curve and location		
	quotient		
	Preparation of Z-score	SS	15
	and composite index		
	from suitable data		
SEC A2	Forest and wildlife	PG	7
Forest &	management:		
Wildlife	Importance and		
Management	strategies. Role and		
(Theory)	significance of		
•	stakeholders. Tangible		
	and intangible benefits		
	of forest and wildlife		
	management		
	Legal framework of	SN	5
	forest and wildlife		
	protection in India: The		
	Indian Forest Act 1927,		
	Forest Conservation Act		
	1980, Wild Life		
	Protection Act 1972,		
	Biodiversity Act 2002		
	Forests as common	PD	8
	property resources.		
	Forest rights: Tribals and		
	forests. Gender		
	dimension of forest		
	management.		
	Management of		
			1

poaching and illegal logging.		
Principles of community participation and joint	KB	10
forest management.		
Causes and management		
of human–wildlife conflicts with special		
reference to Jangal		
Mahal, Sundarban and		
Duars		

Semester	Programme	Course and Name of the Paper	Topic	Teacher	No. Of hours
Sixth	General	DSE B 4 Population Geography (Theory)	Development of Population Geography as a field of specialization. Relation between population geography and demography. Sources of population data, their level of reliability and problems of mapping	PG	6
			Population distribution: Density and growth. Classical and modern theories on population growth, Demographic transition model	PG	6
			World patterns and determinants of population distribution and growth. Concept of optimum population	PG	4
			Population distribution, density, and growth in India	PD	4
			Types of population composition: Age–sex. rural–urban, literacy and education	KB	5
			Measurements of fertility and mortality. Concept of cohort and life table	PD	5
			Population composition	SN	7

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	of India: Urbanisation		
	and occupational		
	structure		
	Migration: Causes and	SN	3
	types		
	National and	SN	5
	international patterns of		
	migration with reference		
	to India		
	Population and	PD	5
	development:		
	Population–resource		
	regions (Ackerman).		
	Concept of human		
	Development Index and		
	its components		
	Population policies in	KB	5
	developed and less	_	
	development countries.		
	India's population		
	policies. Population and		
	environment, implication		
	for the future		
	Contemporary issues:	KB	5
	Ageing of population,	KD	3
	declining sex ratio,		
	_		
	population and		
	environment dichotomy,		
DGE D 4	impact of HIV/AIDS	aa	1.5
DSE B 4	Population projection	SS	15
Population	by arithmetic method		1.5
Geography	Population density	SS	15
Lab	mapping: State-wise for		
(Practical)	India		
	Analysis of work	SS	15
	participation rate: Total		
	and gender-wise for		
	India		
	Analysis occupation	SS	15
	structure by dominant		
	and distinctive functions:		
	Districts of West Bengal		
SEC B4	Sustainable	PG	5
Sustainable	development: Concept,		
Development	_		
(Theory)	components, limitations		
	Challenges of	PD	10
	sustainable		
	development:		
	Determinants, linkage		
	Dotoriniants, mikage		

among sustainable development,		
environment and poverty		
Global environmental	SN	8
issues: Population,		
income and		
urbanization, health care,		
forest and water		
resources		
Global goals for	KB	7
sustainable		
development: Domain,		
conflict, crisis and		
compromise		