Semester	Programme	Course &	Plan: Department of Zoology	Teacher	No. of
Jemester	riogramme	Name of	Topic	reacher	Hours
		the paper			nours
	HONS.	CC1-1-TH	Unit 1: Basics of Animal Classification	PM	04
	nons.	Non-	Unit 2: Protista and Metazoa	PM, DD,	15
		Chordata - I		SC	15
			Unit 3: Porifera	PM	06
			Unit 4: Cnidaria	SS	10
			Unit 5: Ctenophora	SS	02
1			Unit 6: Platyhelminthes	DD	02
			Unit 7: Nematoda	SC	07
		CC-1-1-P	Study of whole mount of Euglena,	PM	60 Hrs
		Non-	Amoeba and Paramoecium	r IVI	001113
		Chordates - I	Identification with reason &	PM, DD	
			Systematic position of Amoeba,	F IVI, DD	
			Euglena, Entamoeba, Paramecium,		
			Plasmodium, Balantidium, Vorticella		
			(from the prepared slides)		
			Identification with reason &	SS, DD	
			Systematic position of Sycon, Poterion	55, 66	
			(Neptune's Cup), Obelia, Physalia,		
			Aurelia, Gorgonia, Metridium,		
			Pennatula, Madrepora, Fasciola		
			hepatica, Taenia solium and Ascaris		
			lumbricoides.		
			Staining/mounting of any	DD	
			protozoa/helminth from gut of		
			Periplaneta sp.		
		CC1-2-TH	Unit 1: Nucleic Acids	SK	03
		Molecular	Unit 2: DNA Replication	SK	09
		Biology	Unit 3: Transcription	SK	09
			Unit 4: Translation	SK	09
			Unit 5: Post Transcriptional	SK	08
			Modifications and Processing of		
			Eukaryotic RNA		
			Unit 6: Gene Regulation	SK	07
			Unit 7: DNA Repair Mechanism	SC	02
			Unit 8: Molecular Techniques	SC	03
		СС-1-2-Р	Demonstration of polytene and	PM	60 Hrs
		Molecular	lampbrush chromosome from		
		Biology	photograph		
			Isolation and quantification of	SK	1
			genomic DNA from goat liver.		
			Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA.	SK	1
			Histological staining of DNA and RNA	SK	1
			in prepared slides		
	GENERAL	CC1-1-TH	Unit 1: Kingdom Protista	SS	02
		Animal	Unit 2: Phylum Porifera	PM	02
		Diversity	Unit 3: Phylum Cnidaria	SS	02

	CC1-1-P Animal Diversity	Unit 4: Phylum Platyhelminthes Unit 5: Phylum Nemathelminthes Unit 6: Phylum Annelida Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	DD DD PM SS DD SC SC SS SC PM SC SC SC	02 04 04 02 04 02 04 02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 6: Phylum Annelida Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	DD PM SS DD SC SC SS SC PM SC SC	04 04 02 04 02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 15: Aves Identification with reasons of the	PM SS DD SC SC SS SC PM SC SC	04 02 04 02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 15: Aves Identification with reasons of the	SS DD SC SC SS SC PM SC SC	02 04 02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	DD SC SC SS SC PM SC SC	04 02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 10: Protochordates Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SC SS SC PM SC SC SC	02 02 04 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 11: Agnatha Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SC SS SC PM SC SC	02 04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 12: Pisces Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SS SC PM SC SC	04 04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 13: Amphibia Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SC PM SC SC	04 04 04
	Animal	Unit 14: Reptiles Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	PM SC SC	04 04
	Animal	Unit 15: Aves Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SC SC	04
	Animal	Unit 16: Mammals Identification with reasons of the	SC	
	Animal	Identification with reasons of the		04
	Animal			
		to low up g an a aims a new Ama a ah a	PM & SC	60 Hrs
	DIVEISILV	following specimens: Amoeba,		
	,	Euglena, Paramecium, Sycon, Obelia, Aurelia, Metridium, Taenia solium,		
		-		
		Funambulus		
		Key for Identification of poisonous	PM	
		and non-poisonous snakes		
		Study of anatomy of digestive system,	PM & SC	
		salivary gland, mouth parts of		
		Periplaneta, Study of reproductive		
		system of female cockroach		
		An "animal album" containing	PM & SC	
		photographs, cut outs, with		
		appropriate write up about the above		
		mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics		
		may be given to different sets of		
		students for this purpose		
HONS.	CC2-3-TH	Unit 1: Introduction	PM	02
	Non-	Unit 2: Annelida	DD	10
		Unit 3: Arthropoda	PM	16
	11	Unit 4: Onychophora	DD	02
		Unit 5: Mollusca	SS	10
		Unit 6: Echinodermata	DD	08
		Unit 7: Hemichordata	SS	02
	СС-2-3-Р	Study of following specimens:	PM, SS	60
	Non-	a. Annelids - Aphrodite, Nereis,		
	Chordates -	Chaetopterus, Earthworm, Hirudinaria		
_	HONS.	Non- Chordates - II CC-2-3-P Non-	Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakesStudy of anatomy of digestive system, salivary gland, mouth parts of Periplaneta, Study of reproductive system of female cockroachAn "animal album" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purposeHONS.CC2-3-TH Non- Chordates - IIUnit 1: Introduction Unit 2: Annelida Unit 3: Arthropoda Unit 5: Mollusca Unit 5: Mollusca Unit 7: HemichordataCC-2-3-P Non- Chordates - Non- Chordates -Study of following specimens: a. Annelids - Aphrodite, Nereis, Chaetopterus, Earthworm, Hirudinaria	Hons.CC2-3-TH Non- Chordates -Hirudinaria, Palaeman, Cancer, Limulus, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Unio, Sepia, Octopus, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon, Balanoglossus, Branchiostoma, Petromyzon, Torpedo, Labeo rohita, Exocoetus, Salamandra, Hyla, Chelone, Hemidactylus, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja, Bat, FunambulusPMKey for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakesPMStudy of anatomy of digestive system, salivary gland, mouth parts of Periplaneta, Study of reproductive system of female cockroachPM & SCHONS.CC2-3-THUnit 1: IntroductionPMNon- Chordates - IIUnit 2: AnnelidaDDUnit 3: MolluscaSSSSUnit 5: MolluscaUnit 7: HemichordataSSSSPM, SSNon- Chordates -Study of following specimens: a. Annelids - Aphrodite, Nereis, Chaetopterus, Earthworm, HirudinariaPM, SS

			b. Arthropods - Limulus, Palaemon, Balanus, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Peripatus, Silkworm – life history stages, Termite – members of a colony and Honey bee – members of the colony		
			c. Molluscs - Dentalium, Patella, Chiton, Pila, Achatina, Pinctada, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus		
			d. Echinoderms - Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon	DD	
			Anatomy study: Nervours system, Reproductive system (Male & female), Mouth parts & Salivary apparatus in Periplaneta sp		
		CC2-4-TH	Unit 1: Plasma Membrane	SC	07
		Cell Biology	Unit 2: Cytoplasmic Organelles I Unit 3: Cytoplasmic Organelles II	SC SK	05 07
			Unit 4: Cytoskeleton	SK	07
			Unit 5: Nucleus	SK	08
			Unit 6: Cell Cycle	SK	10
			Unit 7: Cell Signalling	DD	08
		CC-2-4-P	Preparation of temporary stained	SK	60 Hrs
		Cell Biology	squash of onion/arum root tip to		
			study various stages of mitosis		
			Study of various stages of meiosis	SK	
			from grasshopper testis		
			Preparation of permanent slide to	SK	
			show the presence of Barr body in		
			human female blood cells/cheek cells.		
			Preparation of permanent slide to demonstrate: a. DNA by Feulgen reaction	SK	
	CENEDAL	CC2 2 TU	b. Cell viability study by Trypan Blue staining		04
	GENERAL	CC2-2-TH Comparative	Unit 1: Integumentary System Unit 2: Digestive System	SC SC	04 04
		Anatomy &	Unit 3: Respiratory System	SC SC	04
		Development	Unit 4: Circulatory System	SC	06
		al Biology	Unit 5: Urino-genital System	SC	06
			Unit 6: Early Embryonic Development	PM	14
			Unit 7: Late Embryonic Development	PM	10
		СС2-2-Р	Osteology: Limb bones, girdle and	PM & SC	60
1		Comparative	vertebra of Pigeon & Guineapig,		~~
		Anatomy &	Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous;		
		Development	Guinea pig and one carnivorous; Dog.		
			Guinea pig and one carnivorous; Dog. Larval stages: Veliger, Nauplius,	SC	

Lesson Plan –Zoology Honours(2018-19)

Name: Dr. Patralekha Mukhopadhyay Department: Zoology

Year	Course	Unit	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
1 Hons SEM I	CC1- 1-Th	1	Basics of Animal classification	6	July to Pre- Puja
		3	Porifera classification	4	
			Canal system in sponges	6	
			Spicules in sponges	4	
	CC1-		Study of whole mount of Protozoans	6	July up to
	1-P		Identification of Sycon, Neptune's cup	4	2 nd wk of November
	CC1- 2-P		Demonstration of polytene and lamp brush chromosome	3	
1	CC2- 3-Th	1	Evolution of coelom	2	Post-winter
Hons	0 11	3	Classification of Phylum Arthropoda	4	recess
SEM II			Respiration in prawn	2	
			Respiration in cockroach	2	
			Insect eye	1	
			Metamorphosis in Lepidopteran insects	2	
			Social life in termites	1	
	CC2- 3-Pr		Identification of Annelids	6	
			Identification of Arthropods	18	

Year	Paper	Unit	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
2 Hons (Syllabus 2016 - 1+1+1)	3	I Group-A (Systematics)	 Taxonomy: levels & scope Systematics- Place & contribution of systematics in Biology Classification (phenetic& cladistics) Concept of dendrogram & cladogram 	3 2 1 1	August to Pre-Puja
		Group-A (Systematics)	 Biological species concept Subspecies, Polytypic species, Sibling species & Ring species Origin of birds 	2 2	Post-Puja to Winter vacation.
		Group-B (Evolution & Adaptation)		4	
		Group-A (Systematics)	1. Isolation & its role in speciation	2	Post-Winter Vacation to Test
		Group-B (Evolution & Adaptation)	 Type concept Evolution in horse 	3	examination
	4	II (Practical)	1. Study of soil microarthropods	4	August to Pre-Puja
			1. Identification of non- chordate museum specimens with reasons	15	Post-Puja to Winter vacation.
			1. Key making with specimens	15	Post-Winter Vacation to Test examination

Year	Paper	Unit	Торіс	No. of	Session
				lectures	
3	5	II	1. Characterization &	4	July to Pre-
Hons		(Microbiology)	classification of		Puja
(Syllabus			bacteria	2	
2016-			2. Microorganism culture		
1+1+1)			techniques	2	
			3. Control of		
			microorganisms	2	
			4. Cholera & Shigella		
	6	Ι	1. Insect hormones	3	July to Pre-
					Puja
	6	II	1. Sericulture	4	July to Pre-
		(Applied	2. Apiculture	4	Puja
		Zoology)	3. Integrated Pest	2	
			management		
	7	(Practical)	1. Gram staining	4	July to Pre-
			2. Determination of	2	Puja
			human blood group		
	8	(Practical)	1. Demonstration of	2	July to Pre-
			autoclave		Puja

Lesson Plan – Zoology General (2018-19)

Name: Dr. Patralekha Mukhopadhyay

Department: Zoology

Year	Course	Unit	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
1(Gen.) Sem I	CC1-1-Th	2	 General characteristics of Porifera and classification up to classes Canal System in Sycon 	3	July to Pre-puja
		14	1. General features of Reptilia and classification up to orders	2	
			 Poisonous & Non-poisonous snakes 	2	
			3. Biting mechanism	2	
			 Identification with reasons Key for identification of 	10	July up to 2 nd wk of November
	CC1-1-P		poisonous & non-poisonous snakes	2	
			3. Digestive system & salivary gland of <i>Periplaneta</i>	4	
			4. Mouth parts of <i>Periplaneta</i>5. Female reproductive system	2 3	
			6. Preparation of Animal album	2	
		6	 Gametogenesis Fertilization in sea urchin 	3 2	Post-winter recess
			3. Eggs & egg membranes	1 1	
	CC2-2-Th		 Patterns of Cleavage Fate maps & gastrulation 	4	
			 6. Fate of germ layers 	1 2	
1(Gen) SEM II			7. Placenta types & functions		
			1.Osteology	18	
	СС2-2-Р		2.Identification of chick embryo	6	
			3.Histological sections of different types of placenta	3	

Year	Paper	Group	Торіс	No. of	Session
				lectures	
2(Gen.) (Syllabus 2016- 1+1+1)	2	A (Functional anatomy of chordates)	1. <u>Respiratory structures and</u> <u>respiration:</u> Gills of fish Lung & Air sacs of <i>Columba</i>	3 3	August to Pre- Puja
		A (Functional anatomy of chordates)	 <u>Circulatory structure &</u> <u>Circulation</u>: Single circuit heart in fish Double circuit heart in Amphibia Double circuit heart in mammals 	2 2 2	Post-Puja to Winter vacation
		A (Functional anatomy of chordates)	 <u>Nervous system</u>: Brain in <i>Oreochromis</i> Origin & distribution of cranial nerves in fish 	2 1	Post-Winter Vacation to Test examination

DR.SUCHARITA SAHA ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR, DEPT OF ZOOLOGY

2 nd	III	II-A	-	ot of Ecosystem—structure and function,	2	pre-
			-	lised model of energy flow in ecosystem		puja
			a)	Introduction		
				 Definition of Ecology and Environmental 		
				Biology		
				- Why Scientists are giving much		
				emphasis on the study of Ecology?		
				 Concept of isolated, closed and open 		
				type of systems-ecosystem as an open		
				system		
				- Definition of Ecosystem		
			(d	Structural composition and functioning of		
				an Ecosystem		
				i) Abiotic factors-climatic regime,		
				inorganic substances, organic		
				substances. ii) Biotic factors – producers,		
				consumers, decomposers		
				iii) Trophic levels- producers, primary		
				consumers, secondary consumers,		
				tertiary consumers and top		
				consumers.		
				iv) Food chain – definition, types with		
				examples, significance		
				v) Food web – definition, example,		
				significance		
				vi) Comparison between food chain		
				and food web.		
				vii) Ecological pyramids-definition,		
				description with examples,		
				importance, type-pyramid of		
				number, biomass and energy		
			2.	Energy flow in the ecosystem		
				a) Concept of energy	2	
				b) Source and different forms of energy		
				in the ecosystem.		
				c) Energy transfer in the ecosystem obey		
				the laws of thermodynamics		
				d) Concept of productivity		
				 primary productivity -gross and net 		
				productivity - secondary productivity -gross and		
				net productivity		
				e) Lindeman's trophic dynamic concept		
				to understand ecological efficiencies,		
				types of ecological efficiencies		
				f) Energy flow models – single channel		
				and y-shaped model.		
				g) Factors regulating amount of energy		
				flow.		

	2. Wetland as ecosystem service		
	•		
	provider		pre-
	a. Definition—Ramsar site	1	puja
	 Classification and description 		
	c. Importance		
	i)functions		
	, -ground water recharge and		
	discharge		
	-		
	- storage of water		
	- storage of flood water		
	 shoreline stabilization by soil erotion 		
	control.		
	 nutrient retention and removal 		
	-retention and removal of pollutants		
	- support for food chain		
	- fisheries production		
	ii) Values		
	- Economic value		
	- Conservation value		
	- Aesthetic and recreational value		
	 Natural heritage value 		
C	Deputation attributes		
3.	Population attributes		
	a) Definition of population		
	b) Aim of studying population ecology		
	c) Properties of a population		
	 Population age structure 	2	
	ii) Distribution of population		
	iii) Density and fluctuation in		
	density –Dispersal and dispersion		
	iv) Survivorship curves		
4.	Population growth models:		
	a) natality and mortality—definition,		
		2	
	types and comparison between	3	pre puja
	different types		
	 b) exponential and logistic growth 		
	forms—mathematical expressions		
	and comparison		
	c) Population density—definition,		
	fluctuations in population density and		
	its natural regulation, regulating		
	factors-climatic (density		
	independent) factors and biotic		
		1	1
	(density-dependent) factors, inverse		

r				
		density-dependent factors, Allee's growth factor		
	5.	survivorship, r- and k- strategies and their	2	Post
	-	comparison		puja to winter
	6.	Population interactions	4	recess
		a) Competition		
		 h) Definition and concept emergence of competition as a central theory, experiments of Tansley , Gause and Park, competion exclusion principle. 		
		ii) Types—interspecific and intraspecific competitions and their comparison, mathematical expression of competition and Lotka-Volterra model.		
	7.	Community and ecosystem:		
	a)	Definition and concept—assemblage, guild, habitat and niche concept, edge effect i)definition of habitat and niche ii) types of habitat-macro and micro, iii) types of niche – spatial, trophic, hypervolume or multidimensional iv) comparison between habitat and niche	3	
	b) type			
		 i) depending on size-major, minor ii) Depending on climatic conditions - tundra, temperate, tropical iii) Depending on trophic status- produce, consumer (herbivore, carnivore, predator, prey, parasite) iv) Depending on successional stage-seral and climax community 		Post - puja to winter recess
	c) Char	acters		
	-,	i) structural -analytical (qualitative and quantitative and synthetic ii) functional -succession or community dynamics.		
	8.	Ecological succession:		
	a)	Definition	C	
	b)	Causes	6	

		,				
			c)	Process- nudation, invasion, competition and reaction, stabilization or climax.		
			d)	Important parameters of succession		
			-	Trends of succession		
				Types – primary, secondary, autogenic,		
			''	allogenic, autotrophic, heterotrophic,		
				induced, retrogressive, cycle.		
			g)	Concept of climax, types – cyclic climax,		
			6/	polyclimax, transient climax.		
			h)	Regulatory factors of succession -soil		
			,	nutrients, moisture, slope, exposure to		
				sunlight, grazing pressure etc.		
			i)	Examples – terrestrial (xerarch)) and		
			,	aquatic (hydrarch) successions.		
			j)	Connell and Slatyer's model of succession		
				and Tilman's resource-ratio hypothesis.		
			q	Animal's space and resource use:		
				a) Resource partitioning		
				i)Concept of resource		
				ii)Resource partitioning -competition		
				hypothesis, niche overlapping, niche	3	
				shift, Gause's exclusion principle,		
				limiting similarity, co-existance.		
				iii) Coupled oscillation of Predator and		
				prey population—modelling.		
			10.	Brief idea on El-nino, La-nino and their		
				consequences.	2	
				i) El-nino: causes and consequences		
				ii) La-nino: : causes and consequences		
				iii) Comparison between two		
2nd	Ш	II-B	-			
				Origin and propagation of nerve impulse	6	D I
				through nerves, synaptic and	6	Post
				neuromuscular junctions, functional		winter
				significance of giant nerve fibres in molluscs.		to test
				a) Propagation of nerve impulse through		
				nerves—resting membrane potential,		
2 nd	IV	I-A		Na-K pump, Action potential,		
				Conduction of impulse through		
				myelinated and non-myelinated		
				nerves, all or none law, factors		
				affecting conduction.		
				b) Synaptic transmission—mechanism of		
				physical and chemical changes during		
1				transmission, neurotransmitters and		

			 c) Neuromuscular junctions mechanism of physical and chemical changes during transmission, neurotransmitters and receptors. d) Comparison between synaptic and neuromuscular transmission. 		
2nd	IV	ll (Practical)	1. General discussion on distinguishing characters and classification of chordates. Scheme of chordate classification.	1	pre - Puja
			 Identification (systematic position up to sub class) of the following animals : Branchiostoma, Ascidia, Petromyzon, Myxine, Torpedo, Sphyrna, Hippocampus, Mystus, Necturus, Ichthyophis, Tylototriton, Cryptobranchus, Hyla, Chameleon, Gekko, Vipera, Calotes, Mabuya, Varanus, Naja, Hydrophis, Mega Chiroptera. Study of aquatic community (microarthropod) 	2	
			2. Use of pH meter for estimation of pH of soil and water sample	4	Post puja to winter recess
			3. Zooplankton count by standard methods.	8	
			Practical copy check before test	4	Post winter to test
			Practice classes and practical copy check	16	Post test to summer recess

3rdVIII1. Concept of Ecosystem a) Introduction – Definition of Ecology and Environmental Biology – Why Scientists are giving much emphasis on the study of Ecology? – Concept of isolated, closed and open type of systems-ecosystem as an open system3pre - Puja						
 Definition of Ecosystem b) Structural composition and functioning of an Ecosystem i) Abiotic factors-climatic regime, inorganic substances, organic substances. ii) Biotic factors – producers, consumers, decomposers iii) Trophic levels- producers, primary consumers, secondary consumers, tertiary consumers and top consumers. iv) Food chain – definition, types with examples, significance 	3 rd	VI	11	 a) Introduction Definition of Ecology and Environmental Biology Why Scientists are giving much emphasis on the study of Ecology? Concept of isolated, closed and open type of systems-ecosystem as an open system Definition of Ecosystem b) Structural composition and functioning of an Ecosystem Abiotic factors-climatic regime, inorganic substances, organic substances. Biotic factors – producers, consumers, decomposers Trophic levels- producers, primary consumers, secondary consumers, tertiary consumers and top consumers. iv) Food chain – definition, types with 	3	
	3 rd	VI	li	 2. Energy flow in the ecosystem i) Concept of energy ii) Source and different forms of energy in the ecosystem. iii) Energy transfer in the ecosystem obey the laws of thermodynamics iv) Concept of productivity primary productivity -gross and net productivity secondary productivity -gross and net productivity 	4	pre - Puja
3rdVIIi2. Energy flow in the ecosystem4Pujai)Concept of energyii)Concept of energyiii)iii)Source and different forms of energyin the ecosystem.iiii)Energy transfer in the ecosystem obeythe laws of thermodynamicsiv)Concept of productivity- primary productivity -gross and netproductivity- secondary productivity -gross and				 v) Lindeman's trophic dynamic concept to understand ecological efficiencies, types of ecological efficiencies 		

· · · · ·	Γ			1
	vi)	Energy flow models – single channel and y-shaped model.		
	vii)	Factors regulating amount of energy		
		flow.		
		3. Wetland as ecosystem service		
		provider	2	
		d. Definition—Ramsar site		
		e. Classification and descriptionf. Importance		
		i)functions		
		-ground water recharge and		
		discharge		
		- storage of water		
		- storage of flood water		
		- shoreline stabilization by soil erotion		
		control.		
		- nutrient retention and removal		
		-retention and removal of pollutants		
		 support for food chain 		
		 fisheries production 		
		ii) Values		
		- Economic value		
		- Conservation value		
		- Aesthetic and recreational value		
		- Natural heritage value.		
		4. Population ecology:	6	pre -
	a)	Definition of population		Puja
	b)	Aim of studying population ecology		
	c)	Properties of a population		
		i) Population age structure		
		ii) Distribution of population		
		iii) Density and fluctuation in		
		density –Dispersal and dispersion		
	d)	iv) Survivorship curves Population growth models:		
	i)	natality and mortality—definition,		
	''	types and comparison between		
		different types		
	ii)	exponential and logistic growth		
	,	forms—mathematical expressions and		
		comparison		
	iii)	Population density—definition,		
		fluctuations in population density and		
1 1		its natural regulation, regulating		
		factors-climatic (density independent)		
	l			
		factors and biotic (density-dependent)		

					,
3 rd	VI	11	5. Community ecology:	6	
3 rd	VI		 a) Definition and concept—assamblage, guild, edge effect b) types i) depending on size-major, minor ii) Depending on climatic conditions - tundra, temperate, tropical iii) Depending on trophic status- produce, consumer (herbivore, carnivore, predator, prey, parasite) iv) Depending on successional stage-seral and climax community c) Characters i) structural -analytical (qualitative and quantitative and synthetic ii) functional -succession or community dynamics d) habitat and niche concept i) definition of habitat and niche ii) types of niche – spatial, trophic, hypervolume or multidimensional iv) comparison between habitat and 	6	
3rd	VI	11	 ii)Resource partitioning -competition hypothesis, niche overlapping, niche shift, Gause's exclusion principle, limiting similarity, co-existance. 6. Environmental factors— a) Definition b) Regulating factors i) Abiotic—climatic factors like light and temperature andb their effects on organisms ii) Biotic—Intra and interspecific associations. 7. Ecological succession: a) Definition b) Causes c) Process- nudation, invasion, competition and reaction, stabilization or climax. d) Important parameters of succession e) Trends of succession 	3	Post puja to test

			f)	Types – primary, secondary, autogenic,		
			1)	allogenic, autotrophic, heterotrophic,		
				induced, retrogressive, cycle.		
			g)	Concept of climax, types – cyclic climax,		
			67	polyclimax, transient climax.		
			h)	Regulatory factors of succession -soil		
			,	nutrients, moisture, slope, exposure to		
				sunlight, grazing pressure etc.		
			i)	Examples – terrestrial (xerarch)) and		
			''	aquatic (hydrarch) successions.		
			j)	Animal's space and resource use:		
			11	a) Resource partitioning		
				i)Concept of resource		
				ii)Resource partitioning -competition		
				hypothesis, niche overlapping, niche		
				shift, Gause's exclusion principle,		
				• • •		Post
				limiting similarity, co-existance.	4	
				8. Biodiversity:	4	puja to test
				a) Concept – Definition, explanation and		
				extent of biodiversity		
				 b) Type—— i) according to extent 		
				genetic diversity, species diversity,		
				ecosystem diversity and agro-		
				biodiversity		
				ii) according to geographical scale – alpha,		
				beta and gamma diversity.		
				biodiversity and human welfare		
				 Anthropocentric values of 		
				biodiversity- sources of food,		
				wood, clothing, medicine and also		
				have recreational and educational		
				values		
				ii) Ecosystem -oriented values-		
				restriction of pollution, prevention		
				of soil erosion, protection of		
				watershed, crop protection,		
				protection from adverse condition,		
				maintenance of ecosystem		
				stability		
				iii) National heritage value –		
				enrichment of aesthetic senses		
				and culture.		
		1				
3rd						
Jiu	VII	1	1.	Aquaculture :	8	Post
510	VII	1	1.	a. Fisheries Resources of India	8	Post puja to
510	VII	1	1.	a. Fisheries Resources of Indiab. Induced breeding and seed	8	
514	VII	1	1.	a. Fisheries Resources of India	8	puja to

			 d. Exotic fishes and their role e. Fish diseases, symptoms and control f. Fresh water and brakish water prawn culture g. Fish byproducts and their uses h. Pearl culture. 		
3rd	VIII	l (Practical)	 Identification and comment on their economic importance of the following animals : Penaeus sp., Macrobrachium sp., Labeo rohita, Labeo bata, Cirrhinus mrigala, Mugil parsia, Lates calcarifer Study of aquatic community (microarthropod) Use of pH meter for estimation of pH of soil and water sample. Practical copy check and practice classes 	6 2 4 4	pre- puja
3rd	VIII	ll (Practical)	 Identification (systematic position up to class and specimen characters only) of the following animals : Scypha sp., Neptune's cup, Aurelia sp., Pennatula sp., Sea anemone, Beroe sp., Madrepora sp. Identification (systematic position up to class and specimen characters only) of the following animals : Branchiostoma, Ascidia, Petromyzon, Myxine, Torpedo, Sphyrna, Hippocampus, Ichthyophis, Tylototriton, Axolotl, Cryptobranchus, Hyla. Practical copy check 	4 6 2	Post puja to test

			 ii) Depending on climatic conditions -tundra, temperate, tropical iii) Depending on trophic status- produce, consumer (herbivore, carnivore, predator, prey, parasite) v) Depending on successional stage-seral and climax community. 		
2 nd	II	GrC (ZG-06)	 a) Nerve impulse propagation— resting membrane potential and action potential, shifting of action potential. b) Synaptic transmission—structural description of synapse and mechanism of synaptic transmission. 	5	Post puja to winter recess
2nd	III (practical)	Course no. ZG- 07	 Major dissection: Digestive , nervous and female 	12	pre puja
			 reproductive system of Cockroach 2. Mounting and preparation: a) Mouth parts of Cockroach b) Haemolymph of Cockroach with staining c) Whole-mount of aquatic and soil microarthropods d) Epithelial cells from buccal smear with staining. 	18	Post puja to winter recess Post
3rd	IV		 3. Identification: a) Bones: Skull, vertebrae, limb and girdle bones of <i>Columba</i> b) Histological slides: Section of mammalian liver, pancreas, testis, ovary and thyroid. 	08	winter to test pre puja
			 Aquaculture: Principles, definition and scope, Fisheries resources of India(inland and off-shore) and their important ichthyofauna Exotic fishes—their merits and demerits Basic principles of different aquaculture systems (polyculture and integrated farming) 		

 d) Marine pearl culture—sites, species involved and processes. 	2	Post puja to test
 e) Prawn and shrimp culture—sites, species involved and processes. 	4	
 Lac culture—Host plants and life cycle of the insect, sites of culture, harvesting of crop, collection and processing of lac, uses 		

LESSON PLAN FOR 2nd YEAR (HONS.) THEORY Concerned Teacher: Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.) Session -2018-19

Paper, Unit and Group	Item Or Chapter	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
4, I, & A	Animal Physiology	1. Physiology of osmo-regulation in vertebrates	4	Sept. to Pre-Puja
		2. Temperature regulation in cold desert	2	Do
4, I & B	Biochemistry	3. Enzymes-Classes, Kinetics and factors affecting enzyme action, enzyme inhibition	8	Post-Puja to pre Winter vacation
		4. Types of Biodiversity, Biodiversity in human welfare, mega diversity zones and biodiversity hot spots with special reference to India	6	Do
3, 2 & B	Biodiversity and	5. Concept of threatened fauna- IUCN categories	2	Do
D	Conservation	 6. Concept of wildlife, wildlife heritage of India, reasons for wildlife depletion in Indian context 	4	Do
		7. Protected area concept- Sanctuary, National Park, Biosphere reserve, core zone, buffer zone, corridor concept. Conservation reserves.	4	Post-Winter Vacation to Test examination
		8. JFM and Arabari model for conservation-key stone, flagship and umbrella species	2	Do
		9. Special management program with special reference to Tiger project	4	Do
		10. Man-animal conflict (Man-tiger and Man-elephant) –causes and concern	4	Do

LESSON PLAN FOR 2nd YEAR (HONS.) PRACTICAL Concerned Teacher: Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.)

Paper,	Item	Торіс	No.	Session
Unit &	Or		of	
Group	Chapter		Classes	
IV-II	Ecological	1. Determination of dissolved	3x7	SeptPre
(1 st Term)	methods	O ₂ , free CO ₂ of water		winter
				vacation
IV-II, B	Animal	2. Counting of cockroach	3x4	
(2 nd Term)	Physiology	haemocytes using		Post winter
	and	haemocytometer		vacation till
	Biochemistry	3. Quantitative estimation of	3x8	Test exam
		protein by modified		
		Lowry's colorimetric		
		method.		

LESSON PLAN FOR 3RD YEAR (HONS.) THEORY Concerned Teacher: Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.)

Paper V, Unit-I, Group-B & C of 3rd Year (Hons.) theory syllabus involves mainly **Parasitology & Immunology.** Humans have suffered greatly through the centuries because of parasites. Malaria have sent untold millions to their graves. Even today after successful campaigns against malaria still are prevalent in the world. Parasitic diseases as Leishmaniasis, Ascariasis, malaria are the prime killers of humans. Serious infections occur in tropical regions, particularly in less-developed countries, so most dwellers within tropical, industrialized regions are unaware of the magnitude of the problem. Parasites are also responsible for staggering financial loss. Malaria, for example, is usually chronic, debilitating, periodically disabling disease. Parasitologists have a unique opportunity to break the deadly cycle by contributing to the global eradication of communicable diseases while making possible more efficient use of the earth's resources.

Chapter 3-5 deals with the definition along with detail understanding of the terms of animal association: Symbiosis, commensalisms, mutualism & parasitism, life cycle, pathogenecity, clinical features & control of a) <u>Plasmodium</u> sp. b) <u>Entamoeba histolytica</u>, c) <u>Leishmania donovani, d) Wuchereria bancrofti</u>, e) <u>Fasciola sp.</u>, f) <u>Ascaris</u> sp. It covers with understanding of zoonosis: zoonotic aspect of common helminth diseases along with most revealing topic about host-parasite interaction & its molecular basis with reference to protozoan & helminthic diseases.

We live in a hostile world filled with many infectious agents. Immunology grew out of the study of infectious diseases and body's responses towards them.

Immunology is the complex sequence of events, triggered by the introduction of an antigen and subsequent elimination of it. In the late eighteenth century it emerged as a scientific discipline when vaccination was discovered- a mechanism of rendering protection against pathogens. This part deals directly with human health and well being so understanding the immune system-its development, functions and malfunctions, thereby causing disease is facilitated through the **Chapter 6-11** in **Group-C** as cells and organs of immune system, types of immunity, characteristics features, types, antigenic determinants, processing and presentation of Antigens. It also includes immunoglobulin classification, structures, binding sites along with poly- and

monoclonal antibodies. Basic understanding about cytokine, adjuvant & complement is overviewed. An insight is provided regarding B-cell generation, activation and differentiation, T-cell maturation and activation along with the concept of T & B cell co-operation, types and roles of macrophage. A comprehensive understanding is provided to the students accompanied by power point presentation, artwork with a concise and structural style of presentation in order to ensure basic understanding of the subject and educates not intimidates or overwhelms them. **Paper-VII, Unit-I, Group-B** includes **Biostatistics** which includes application of statistical methodology to collect, analyze and interpretation of data (derived from biological sciences) in order to measure central tendencies as mean, median, mode.

Paper ,Unit & Group	Cou rse No.	Item Or Chapter	Торіс	No . of lecture s	Session
V-I,B	ZHT -09	Microbiology ,Parasitology & Immunology	 Animal association: Symbiosis, commensalisms, mutualism, parasitism and zoonosis. Life cycle, pathogenecity, clinical features & control of a) <u>Plasmodium</u> sp. b) <u>Entamoeba</u> <u>histolytica</u>, c) <u>Leishmania</u> <u>donovani</u>, d) <u>Wuchereria</u> <u>bancrofti</u>, e) <u>Fasciola</u> sp. f) <u>Ascaris</u> sp. Vector biology: mosquito and ticks. 	4 12 4	July to Pre-Puja July to Pre-Puja and Post-Puja to Winter vacation Do
V-I,B	ZHT -09	Microbiology ,Parasitology &	4. Cells and organs of immune system, innate and adaptive immunity.	5	Post-Winter Vacation to Test examination
		Immunology	 Antigens: characteristics, antigenic determinants, antigen processing and presentation. Antibody: Structure, classes, binding site, polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies. 	2	Do Do
			 7. Cytokines, adjuvant & complements. 8. B cell generation, activation and differentiation, co- 	4	Do Do
			operation, macrophage. 6. T cell maturation and activation.	5	Do
VII- I,B	ZHT -13	Biostatistics	Mean, Median and Mode	6	Post-Winter Vacation to Test examination

LESSON PLAN FOR 2nd YEAR (Gen) THEORY Concerned Teacher : Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.)

Paper II, Group-B of 2ND Year (Gen.) theory syllabus involves **Ecology, Animal Behavior, Biodiversity and Wildlife.** Chapter -4 comprises of Honey bees-their castes, hive and their roles. Chapter-5 involves conservation of wild life: its purpose, methods, concept of Biosphere Reserve. It also provides insights regarding importance, strategies of wildlife conservation, conservation act and its application, basic concepts about National park and wildlife sanctuary. Understanding towards animal cruelty and prevention act is also discussed in a clear and lucid manner.

Group-C comprises of Histology, Endocrinology, Animal Physiology and Biochemistry.

Chapter -1 deals with general characters of hormones, its naming and function along with hormones secreted from Pituitary.

And in Chapter-3, the answers related to enzymes: classes, kinetics & factors affecting enzymatic actions are provided in a precise and comprehensive manner so as to provide a basic understanding to the students.

Paper &Group	Course No.	Item Or Chapter	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
II-C 1 st Term	ZG-06	Histology, Endocrinology, Animal Physiology & Biochemistry	 3. General characters of Hormones, Naming and function of hormones secreted from pituitary. 4. Enzymes: classes, and characteristics, mechanism of enzymatic action, effects on enzymatic action (pH and temperature). 	5	Sept. to Pre winter vacation
II-B 2 nd Term	ZG-05	Ecology, Animal Behavior, Biodiversity and Wildlife	 Honey bee-castes, hive and their roles. Conservation of wild life: its purpose, methods, concept of Biosphere Reserve, its importance, strategies of wildlife conservation, conservation act and its application, National park and wildlife sanctuary 	6 8	Post winter vacation till Test exam

LESSON PLAN FOR 2nd YEAR (Gen) Practical Concerned Teacher : Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.)

Paper	Cour se No.	Item Or Chapter	Торіс	No . of classes	Session
III	ZG- 09	Laboratory course-1	1.Demonstration:i. Cockroach- digestive and nervous & female reproductive systems.	2x9	SeptPre winter vacation
III	ZG- 01	Laboratory course-1	 2. Mounting & Preparation: i. Mouth parts of cockroach. ii. Haemolymph of cockroach. iii. Gut contents of cockroach iv. Whole mount of aquatic and soil micro-arthropods. v. Epithelial cells from buccal smears. 3.B. Identifications with reasons: a. Bones: Skull, vertebrae, limb & girdle bones of <i>Columba</i>. b. Histological slides: T.S of ovary, testis, thyroid, pancreas, liver. 	2x 2 2x2 2x4 2x2 2x4 2x2 2x2 2x2 2x4 2x2	Post winter vacation till final exam Do Do Do

LESSON PLAN FOR 3RD YEAR (Gen) THEORY

Concerned Teacher: Dr. Debjani Das (Ghosh) (Asst. Prof.)

Paper IV-A of 3RD Year (Gen) theory concerned with **Applied Zoology**. This portion of the General syllabus is incorporated keeping in mind so that General Students can be aware of the immense importance of Zoology in revenue earning.

Chapter 1, involves Lac culture, including Lac insects, composition of lac, strains of lac insect, cultivation of lac, lac host plants, processing of lac and its uses.

Chapter 2 deals with Parasitology and Immunology which includes parasitism and other interspecific interactions. Life history, pathogenecity and clinical features of certain parasites, Chapter 3, revolves in the outline structure, classification of Immunoglobulin, antigen-antibody reaction along with basic principle of vaccination.

Paper &Group	Course No.	Item Or	Торіс	No. of	Session
Coroup	110.	Chapter		lectures	
IV-A	ZG-08	Applied Zoology	1. Lac culture: Lac insects, composition of lac, strains of lac insect, cultivation of lac, lac host plants, processing of lac and its uses.	6	July- Sept.

IV-B	ZG-09	Parasitolo gy & Immunolo gy	commensalism, mutualism) interactions.	3 8	Septtill pre winter vacation Do
			4. Biotechnology & Immunology: outline structure and classification of Immunoglobulin, antigen- antibody reaction, basic principle of vaccination.	5	Post winter vacation till Test exam

SUMALLYA KARMAKAR ASSISTANT PROFESSOR, DEPT OF ZOOLOGY

Year	Paper	Unit	Group	Торіс	No. of	Session
					lectures	
2	3	1	С	1. Communication in Honey bees	02	Pre-Puja
Hons	-					u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u
		1	С	1. Instinctive & learning behavior, fixed action	03	post-Puja to Winter recess
				pattern.		
			В	2. Altruism, kinship and selfishness	02	
				3. Natural selection, Synthetic theory. Concept of	04	
				selection: stabilizing, directional and disruptive		
				with example		
			А	4. Basic principle & use of DNA bar coding in	02	
				species identification.	02	
			С	5. Echolocation in bat	02	
				6. Parental investment (fish only)	02	
				7. Bird Migration	02	
			В	1. Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium	02	post-Winter recess to Test examination
				2. Genetic Drift, Founder effect and Population	02	1
				Bottleneck		
	4	2	(Prac)	1. Zoo-plankton count by standard methods	04	post-Winter recess to Test examination
	4		l`´´	2. Preparation of Normal, molar and standard	04	1
				solutions, phosphate buffers, serial dilutions		

Year	Paper	Unit	Group	Торіс	No. of	Session
					lectures	
3	5	2	Α	1. Gene and cistorn concept: One gene one	04	July to Pre-Puja
Hons				polypeptide, (sickle cell anemia, Thalassemia)		
				2. Split gene, RNA splicing and Editing	05	
				3. Genetics of cell cycle.	04	
				4. Cancer: types, causes- genetic and others	04	
				5. Repair mechanism, direct reversal repair,	04	
				Excision repair, Mismatch repair, Repair defects		
				and human diseases		
		1	Α	1. Concept of evolution: Emergence of	06	post-Puja to Test examination
	6			evolutionary thoughts		1)
				a. Variation and sources of variation in a		
				population		
				b. Forces altering Hardy-Weinberg		
				equilibrium, calculating allele & genotype		
				frequency (multiple allele, sex linked excluded),		
				(non random mating, mutation, migration, genetic		
				drift and natural selection), Founder effect and		
				population bottleneck		
				c. Genetic diversity and phylogenetic analysis		
				2. Regulation of gene expression: <i>lac</i> and <i>trp</i>	06	
				operons, epigenetic regulation		
				3. Elementary idea of Repetative DNA,	03	
				Transposable genetic element, LINES, SINES,		
				Alu		
	5	•		4. Benzer's RII locus (idea of complementation	03	
		2		and non-complementation)		
	8	1		1. Chi-Square test and t-test	12	July to Pre-Puja
			(Prac)	1. DNA isolation from goat liver	04	post-Puja to Test examination

Yea	r Paper	Group	Торіс	No. of	Session
				lectures	
2 Ge	n 2	C	1. Osmoconformers and Osmoregulators – definition and example: Osmoregulation in fishes	04	Pre-Puja to Winter recess
		C	1. Histology of pancreas	02	post-Winter recess to Test examination

Year	Paper	Group	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
3 Gen		C	 Anatomical and Physiological adaptations: Aquatic, Desert and Volant animals Zoogeographical realms & their subdivisions with characteristic fauna 	03 03	July to Pre-Puja
		С	1. Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium in relation to natural selection- a brief idea	04	post-Puja to Test examination
	7	D (Prac)	 Estimation of dissolved O₂ content of water. Estimation of free CO₂ content of water Measurement of water pH and handling of pH meter 	04 04 04	July to Pre-Puja
			1. Pedigree analysis: sex linked recessive, autosomal recessive and dominant.	02	post-Puja to Test examination
			2. Identification and economic importance of the following: Sitophilus sp, Apion sp, Leptocorisa sp, Scirpophaga sp, Hispa sp, Leucinodes sp, Bandicota sp, silkworm life history stages, members of bee colony, members of termite colony, lac insect, Culex, Anopheles, Ades, Penaeus sp, Macrobrachium sp, Labeo rohita, Labeo bata, Cirrhinus mrigala, Mugil parsia, Lates calcarifers	02	

Lesson Plan- Zoology 2018-2019

Name – Mrs. Suchona Mitra Chakraborty

1 Hons				
	CC1 Non-chordates (Theory)	 1 . G e n e r a l characterestics a n d classification up t o p h y l u m Locomotion in E u g e l n a . Paramoecium and amoeba: Conjugation in Paramoecium. 2. General characterestics and classification. Life cycle, and Pathogencity and control measures of Ascaris lumbricoides and Wuchereria bancrofti. Parastic adaptationsin helminthes. 	SC	10 7

		1. Types of DNA		2
	Molecular biology (Theory)	repair mechanisms, RecBCD model in prakaryotes ,nu cleotide and base excision repair, SOS repair4. PCR, western and sourthern blot, northern blot 2. PCR, western and sourthern blot, northern blot		3
Gen	CC1/GE Animal diversity (Theory)	 1.Protochordate s 2. Amphibia 3. Mammals 	a	2 4 4

			CC1/GE (Pract)	 1. Identification of-Amoeba, Euglena, Paramoecium, Sycon, Obelia, Aurelia, Metridium, Taenia, Ascaris, Aphrodite, Neris, Hirudinaria, Palaemon,Canc er, Limulus, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Unio, Sepia, Octopus 2. Study of anatomy of – Mouth parts, female reproductive system of cockroach 3. Preparation of Animal Album 	<i>u</i>	14 12 4
Year	Paper	Unit	Group	Topic	No. of lectures	Session
II (Hons)	3	I	B	 i)RNA world and origin of life(chemical origin) ii)Bathymetric and discontinuous distribution iii)Barrier and dispersaltypes and their effect on animal distribution 	3	July to pre puja

ll (Hons)	3	1	В	i)Barrier &	3	Post puja to
				dispersal		winter
				types & their	3	vacation
				impact on	1	
				animal	1	
				distribution		
				ii)Zoogeographi		
				cal		
				realmnames,		
				animal		
				distribution,		
				Avian and		
				mammalian		
				fauna in		
				different realms		
				iii)Role of NGOs		
				in wildlife		
				conservation in		
				India		
		11	В	iii)Environmenta	2	Post puja to
				l audit and		winter
				impact		vacation
				assessment		
	4	1	A	iv)Physiology of	4	
				excretionurine		
				formation, urea		
				cycle,		
				nitrogenous		
				waste		
			В	v) Carbohydrate	4	Post puja to
				metabolism		winter
				glycogenesis,		vacation
				glycogenolysis,		
				neoglucogenesis		

				v)Beta oxidation of fatty acid Palmatic & Linoleic acid ii)Integration of Krebs cycle,oxidative phosphorylation ,& ETC	3 3 3	Post winter to test exam
				iii)Nucleic acid metabolismPur ine salvage pathway		
		II		Qualitative test for i)carbohydrate (starch, maltose, fructose, glucose)	6	July to pre puja
				ii)protein(album in, gelatin, peptone) iii)fat iv)uric-acid v)urea	3	Post puja to winter vacation
III (Hons)	5	11	В	1)i.Gene cloning technique ii.cDNA library iii.PCR 2)DNA polymorphism RFLP,RAPD,VNT R DNA fingerprint 3)Medical & forensic biotechnology	3	July to pre puja

	6	1	A	i)Origin of life(chemical) ii)Barrier, dispersal & their impact on animal distribution iii) Zoogeography	2	
III (Hons)			В	i)Instinctive & learned behavior ii)FAP iii)Communicati on in honey bees(dance & pheromones) iv)Parental care in fish, Parent offspring conflict	2 3	Post puja to winter vacation
	6	11	В	i)Management of wildlife conservation areas & their role,reduction of man animal conflict ii)Biomonitering of environment iii) EIA	2	Post puja to winter vacation
	7	I	A	i)Environmental toxicology LD 50, LC50, chronic & acute toxicity	2	Post puja to winter vacation
			В	i)Biostatistics corelation	2	Post winter to test exam
	8	1		i)Determination of dissolved O2 of water	6	July to pre puja

i)Determination	5	
of dissolved free		
carbondioxide		
of water		

Lesson Plan- Zoology 2018-2019

Year	Paper	Group	Торіс	No. of lectures	Session
II	2	A	 i)Classification of phylum chordate with features ii)Classification Amphibia(upto Subclass) Reptilia & mammalia 	2 1 3	July to pre puja
			 i)Classification of Fishes & Aves ii)Structure & function of scale in fish 	4 2	Post puja to winter vacation
			i)Structure & function of feather	2	Post winter to test exam
			ii)Pharynx of <i>Branchiostoma</i> iii)Stomach of <i>Bos</i>	2 2	Post winter to test exam